

! Plane Stress tension of a plate with a hole
! ANSYS Rel.2020 R1.

1. Project title

Utility Menu>File>Change Title

- 1.1. Print “Plane Stress tension of a plate with a hole”
- 1.2. **OK**

2. Enter scalar parameters for geometrical sizes, material modules and pressure

Utility Menu>Parameters>Scalar Parameters

- 2.1. Enter scalar parameters (press “Accept” after entering each parameter, all ANSYS commands and parameter names are NOT case sensitive!)

A=5 ! length of the plate quarter
B=2 ! width of the plate quarter
R=0.25 ! radius of the hole
H=0.1 ! thickness of the plate
P=1e3 ! magnitude of tensile load(kgf/cm²) 1kG = 9.8 N/m²

- 2.2. **Close**

3. Set material properties

3.1. Main Menu>Preprocessor>Material Props>Material Models

(window «Define Material Model Behavior» will appear)

3.2. In window «Material Models Available» tick: Structural, Linear, Elastic, Isotropic.

3.3. For Young’s modulus EX enter 2e6

3.4. For Poisson’s ratio PRXY enter 0.3

3.4. OK

3.5. Close window “Define Material Model Behavior” choosing Material>Exit or x.

3.6. Close tab “Material Props”

4. Set finite element type

4.1. Main Menu>Preprocessor>Element Type>Add/Edit/Delete

4.2. Choose “Add”

4.3. Scroll down the list of elements and choose “Structural Solid”. From the right-hand list choose “Quad 8node 183” (quadrilateral eight-node finite element PLANE183 will be chosen)

4.4. OK

4.5. Close

4.6. Closes window “Element Type”

5. Build geometrical model

5.1. Define keypoints

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Modeling>Create>Keypoints>In Active CS

In window “Create Keypoints in Active Coordinate System” set keypoints

NPT→ 1

X,Y → 0,0

Apply

NPT→ 2
X,Y → *a,0*
Apply
NPT→ 3
X,Y → *a,b*
Apply
NPT→ 4
X,Y → *0,b*
OK
x

5.2. Define rectangular area by connecting keypoints

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Modeling >Create>Areas>Arbitrary>Through Kps

Window “Create Area thru KPs” will appear on the left

Using left button of the mouse pick all keypoints in ascending order of keypoint numbers

OK

x

5.3. Define the circle

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Modeling >Create>Areas>Circle >Solid Circle

In window “Solid Circular Area” set radius (the circle will be created with the center in (0,0))

Radius→ *r*

OK

x

5.4. Define new area (area 3) by subtracting circle (area 2) from rectangle (area 1)

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Modeling >Operate>Booleans>Subtract>Areas

Window “Subtract Areas” will appear on the left

In graphical window pick rectangular area (area 1) → **OK**

Then pick the circle (area 2) → **OK** → **x** → **x**

The resulting area will have number 3, areas number 1 and 2 will be deleted.

6. Build finite element mesh

6.1 Plot areas and show keypoint numbers

Utility Menu>PlotCtrls>Numbering

In window “Plot Numbering Controls” tick keypoint numbering

KP Keypoint numbers→ ☒

OK

Utility Menu>Plot>Areas

6.1a. If you cannot see keypoint numbers near the hole of the plate, opt for not showing the coordinate triad:

Отмена показа глобальной ситемы координат

Utility Menu>PlotCtrls>Window Controls>Window Options

В появившемся окне «**Window Options**» выбрать

[/TRIAD] Location of triad → Not shown

OK

6.2. Set element edge length for elements around keypoints

First, set global size of element edge length for all keypoints

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Meshing>Size Cntrls>Manual Size>Keypoints>All KPs

In window “Element Sizes on All Selected Keypoints” set the size (length of the element edge) for all keypoints

SIZE Element Edge length $\rightarrow B/4$

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Meshing>Size Cntrl>Manual Size>Keypoints >Picked KPs

Window “Elem Size at Picked KP” will appear on the left

Pick keypoints 5 and 6 (the ends of the arc)

Apply

In window “Element Sizes at Picked Keypoints” set smaller size of elements in order to insure mesh condensation near the hole

SIZE Element Edge length $\rightarrow R/5$

OK

x

6.3. Build finite element mesh for area 3

Main Menu>Preprocessor>Meshing>Mesh>-Areas>Free

In graphical window pick the area

In window “Mesh Areas” press **OK**

x

7. Exit Preprocessor

Close Preprocessor tab

8. Enter Solution processor

Main Menu>Solution

9. Define analysis type

Main Menu>Solution>Analysis Type>New Analysis

OK (Static analysis is default)

10. Set boundary conditions

10.1. Define pressure at the right boundary of the plate

Main Menu> Solution >Define Loads>Apply>Structural>Pressure>On Nodes

In window “Apply PRES on Nodes” select “Box”

Using Box frame starting from the upper right node of the model pick all nodes of the right edge (nodes with coordinates $x=a$)

OK

In window “Apply PRES on Nodes” define the value of the pressure

VALUE Load PRES value $\rightarrow -p$

OK

x

10.2. Set symmetry boundary conditions

First, plot lines and show line numbers

6.1 Plot areas and show keypoint numbers

Utility Menu>PlotCtrls>Numbering

In window “Plot Numbering Controls” tick line numbering

Line numbers $\rightarrow \checkmark$

OK

Utility Menu>Plot>Lines

Main Menu> Solution > Define Loads>Apply>Structural >Displacement>Symmetry B.C.>On Lines

Window “Apply SYMM on Lines” will appear

Using mouse, pick lines 9 and 10 (lines with $x=0$ and $y=0$)

OK

x **x**

Warning about imposing both solid and finite element boundary conditions will appear. This warning can be neglected here. Close window.

11. Solve the problem

Main Menu>Solution>Solve>Current LS

OK → Close → Close

x

12. Exit from ANSYS

Utility MenuFile>Exit

or

ANSYS Toolbar>QUIT

In Exit from ANSYS menu choose Save everything (for working with database of results later) or Quit – No Save

OK