

# Кросс-платформенная разработка

Lecture 8

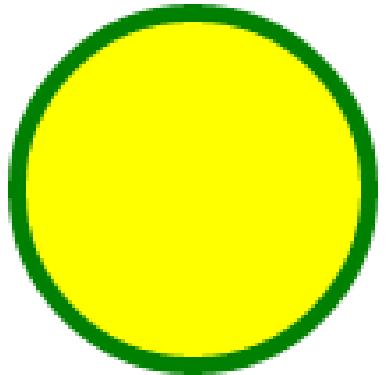
# Topics

- SVG
- D3.js

# SVG

- Scalable Vector Graphics
- Можно создавать и редактировать в текстовых редакторах
- Можно генерировать на лету
- Можно искать по изображению как по тексту
- Zoom и Scale без потери качества
- XML

# Пример



```
<svg width="100" height="100">
  <circle cx="50" cy="50" r="40" stroke="green" stroke-width="4" fill="yellow" />
</svg>
```

# Доступные примитивы

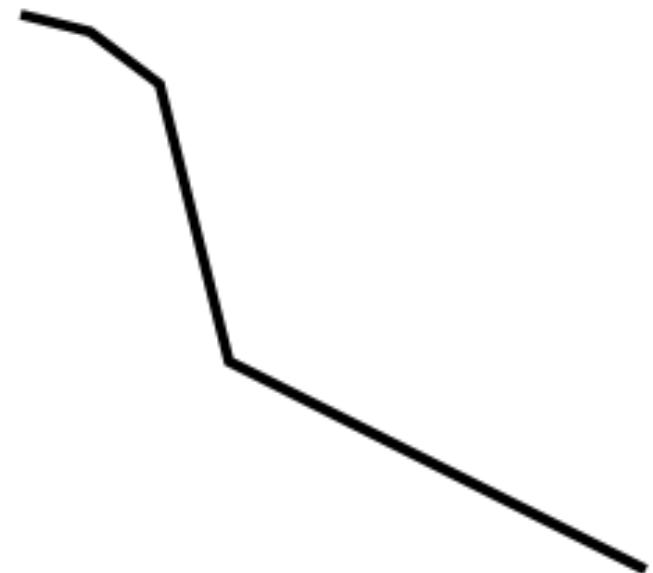
- Rectangle <rect>
- Circle <circle>
- Ellipse <ellipse>
- Line <line>
- Polyline <polyline>
- Polygon <polygon>
- Path <path>

# Используя style

```
<svg width="400" height="110">
  <rect width="300" height="100"
    style="fill:rgb(0,0,255);stroke-width:3;stroke:rgb(0,0,0)" />
</svg>
```



# Polyline



```
<svg height="200" width="500">  
  <polyline points="20,20 40,25 60,40 80,120 120,140 200,180"  
            style="fill:none;stroke:black;stroke-width:3" />  
</svg>
```

# Text

I love SVG

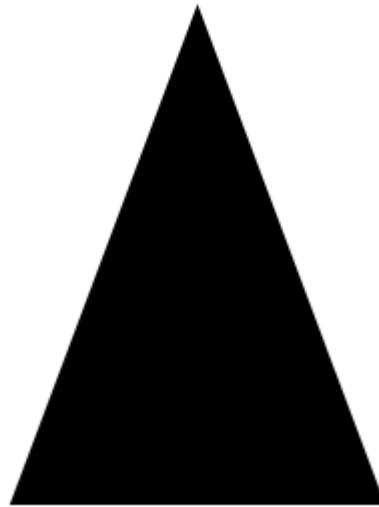
```
<svg height="30" width="200">
  <text x="0" y="15" fill="red">I love SVG!</text>
</svg>
```

```
<svg height="60" width="200">
  <text x="0" y="15" fill="red" transform="rotate(30 20,40)">I love
  SVG</text>
</svg>
```

# Path

- M = move to
- L = line to
- H = horizontal line to
- V = vertical line to
- C = curve to
- S = smooth curve to
- Q = quadratic Bézier curve
- T = smooth quadratic Bézier curve to
- A = elliptical Arc
- Z = close path

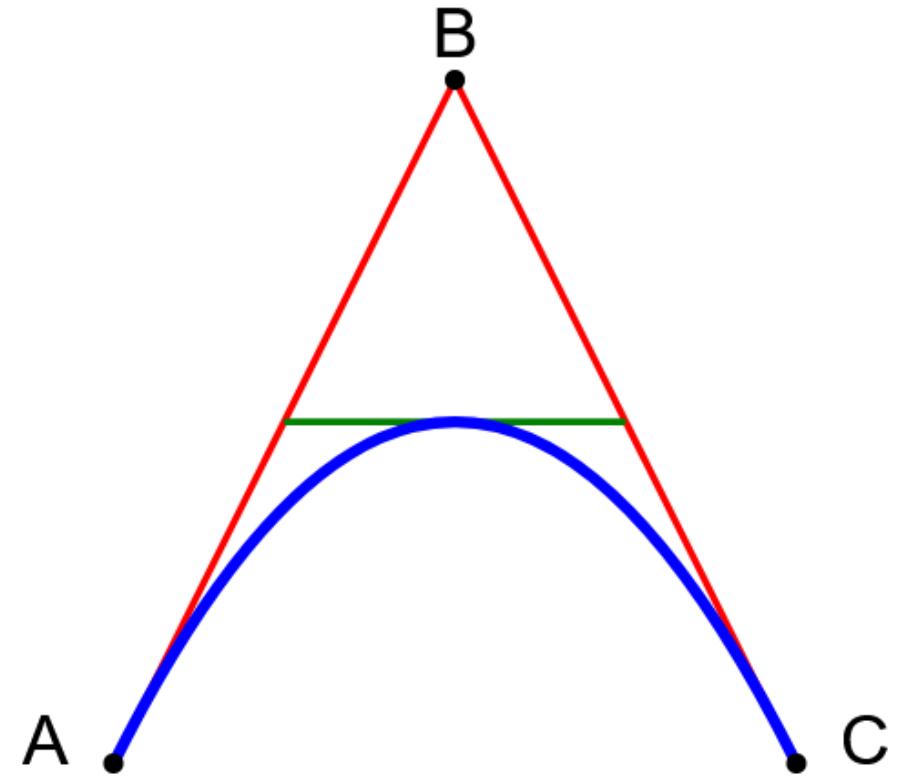
# Треугольник



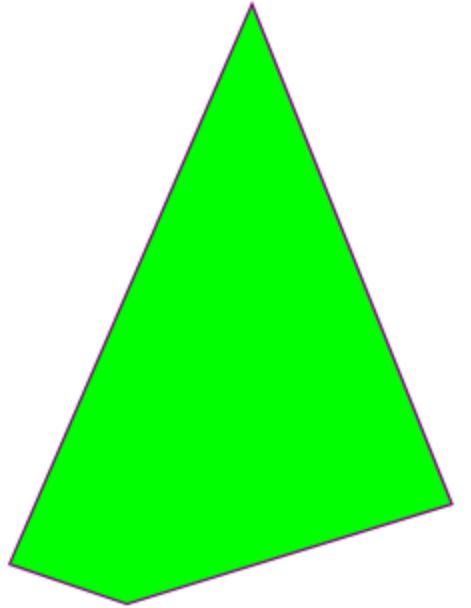
- `<svg height="210" width="400">  
 <path d="M150 0 L75 200 L225 200 Z" />  
 </svg>`

# Кривые

```
<svg height="400" width="450">
<path id="lineAB" d="M 100 350 l 150 -300" stroke="red"
stroke-width="3" fill="none" />
<path id="lineBC" d="M 250 50 l 150 300" stroke="red"
stroke-width="3" fill="none" />
<path d="M 175 200 l 150 0" stroke="green" stroke-width="3"
fill="none" />
<path d="M 100 350 q 150 -300 300 0" stroke="blue"
stroke-width="5" fill="none" />
<!-- Mark relevant points -->
<g stroke="black" stroke-width="3" fill="black">
<circle id="pointA" cx="100" cy="350" r="3" />
<circle id="pointB" cx="250" cy="50" r="3" />
<circle id="pointC" cx="400" cy="350" r="3" />
</g>
<!-- Label the points -->
</svg>
```

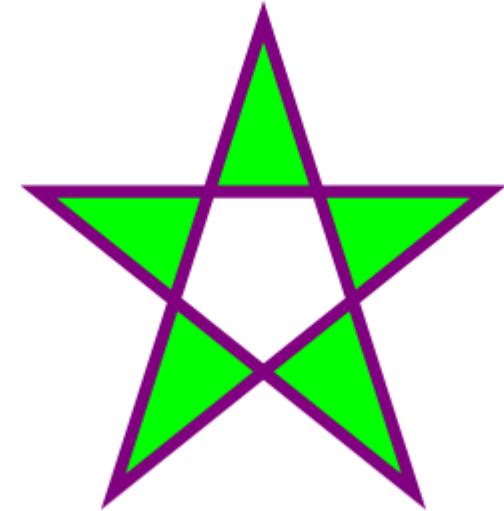


# Polygon



```
<svg height="250" width="500">
  <polygon points="220,10 300,210 170,250 123,234"
    style="fill:lime;stroke:purple;stroke-width:1" />
</svg>
```

# Модификаторы



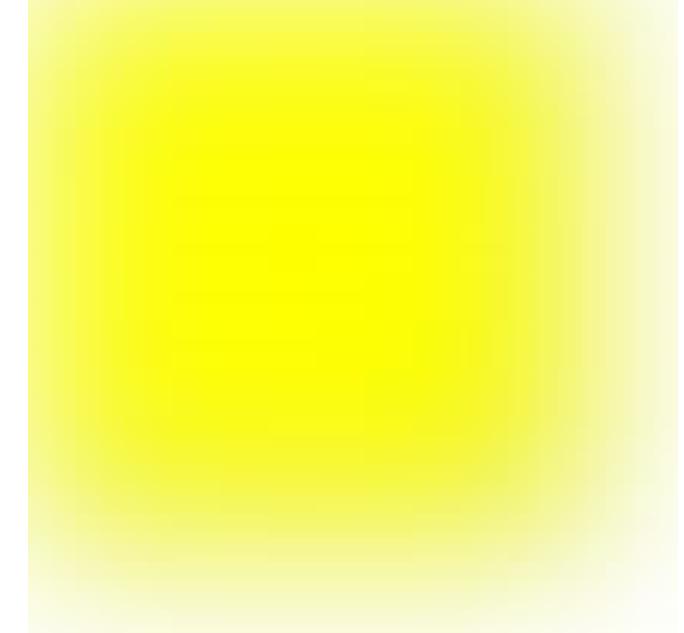
```
<svg height="210" width="500">
  <polygon points="100,10 40,198 190,78 10,78 160,198"
    style="fill:lime;stroke:purple;stroke-width:5;fill-rule:evenodd;" />
</svg>
```

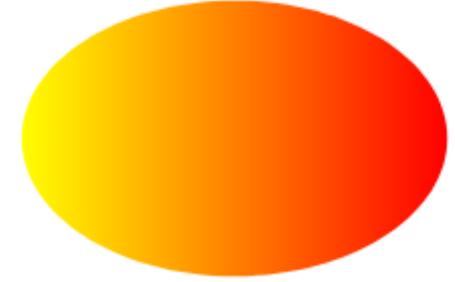
# SVG Filter Elements

- <feBlend> - filter for combining images
- <feColorMatrix> - filter for color transforms
- <feComponentTransfer>
- <feComposite>
- <feConvolveMatrix>
- <feDiffuseLighting>
- <feDisplacementMap>
- <feFlood>
- <feGaussianBlur>
- <feImage>
- <feMerge>
- <feMorphology>
- <feOffset> - filter for drop shadows
- <feSpecularLighting>
- <feTile>
- <feTurbulence>
- <feDistantLight> - filter for lighting
- <fePointLight> - filter for lighting
- <feSpotLight> - filter for lighting

# Пример фильтра

- <svg height="110" width="110">  
  <defs>  
    <filter id="f1" x="0" y="0">  
      <feGaussianBlur in="SourceGraphic" stdDeviation="15" />  
    </filter>  
  </defs>  
  <rect width="90" height="90" stroke="green" stroke-width="3"  
        fill="yellow" filter="url(#f1)" />  
</svg>





# Градиенты

- <svg height="150" width="400">  
  <defs>  
    <linearGradient id="grad1" x1="0%" y1="0%" x2="100%" y2="0%">  
      <stop offset="0%" style="stop-color:rgb(255,255,0);stop-opacity:1" />  
      <stop offset="100%" style="stop-color:rgb(255,0,0);stop-opacity:1" />  
    </linearGradient>  
  </defs>  
  <ellipse cx="200" cy="70" rx="85" ry="55" fill="url(#grad1)" />  
</svg>

# Анимации

```
<rect id="cool_shape" ...="">  
  <animate xlink:href="#cool_shape" ...=""></animate>  
</rect>  
  
<rect id="cool_shape" ...="">  
  <animate ...=""></animate>  
</rect>
```

# Анимация через CSS

```
<rect>
  <animate
    attributetype="CSS"
    attributename="opacity"
    from="1"
    to="0"
    dur="5s"
    repeatcount="indefinite">
  </animate>
</rect>
```

# Анимация через атрибуты элементов

```
<circle id="my-circle" r="30" cx="50" cy="50" fill="orange">
  <animate xlink:href="#my-circle"
    attributename="cx"
    from="50"
    to="450"
    dur="1s"
    begin="click"
    fill="freeze">
  </animate>
</circle>
```

## Анимация через атрибуты элементов + 1

```
<circle id="my-circle" r="30" cx="50" cy="50" fill="orange">
  <animate xlink:href="#my-circle"
    attributename="cx"
    from="50"
    to="450"
    dur="1s"
    begin="click + 1s"
    fill="freeze">
  </animate>
</circle>
```

# Последовательные анимации

```
<animate  
    xlink:href="#orange-circle"  
    attributename="cx"  
    from="50"  
    to="450"  
    dur="5s"  
    begin="click"  
    fill="freeze"  
    id="circ-anim">  
</animate>
```

```
<animate  
    xlink:href="#blue-rectangle"  
    attributename="x"  
    from="50"  
    to="425"  
    dur="5s"  
    begin="circ-anim.begin + 1s"  
    fill="freeze"  
    id="rect-anim">  
</animate>
```

# D3.js

- Модульная библиотека для визуализации данных
- Работает с SVG и Canvas
- Поддерживает базовые визуализации

# Селекторы

```
const paragraphs = document.getElementsByName("p");
for (let i = 0; i < paragraphs.length; i++) {
  var paragraph = paragraphs.item(i);
  paragraph.style.setProperty("color", "blue", null);
}
```

```
d3.selectAll("p").style("color", "blue");
```

## Динамические свойства

```
d3.selectAll("p").style("color", function() {  
    return "hsl(" + Math.random() * 360 + ",100%,50%");  
});
```

# Связь с данными

```
d3.selectAll("p")
  .data([4, 8, 15, 16, 23, 42])
  .style("font-size", function(d) { return d + "px"; });
```

# Enter

```
d3.select("body")
  .selectAll("p")
  .data([4, 8, 15, 16, 23, 42])
  .enter().append("p")
  .text(function(d) { return "I'm number " + d + "!"; });
```

# Exit

```
// Update...
var p = d3.select("body")
  .selectAll("p")
  .data([4, 8, 15, 16, 23, 42])
  .text(function(d) { return d; });
```

```
// Enter...
p.enter().append("p")
  .text(function(d) { return d; });
```

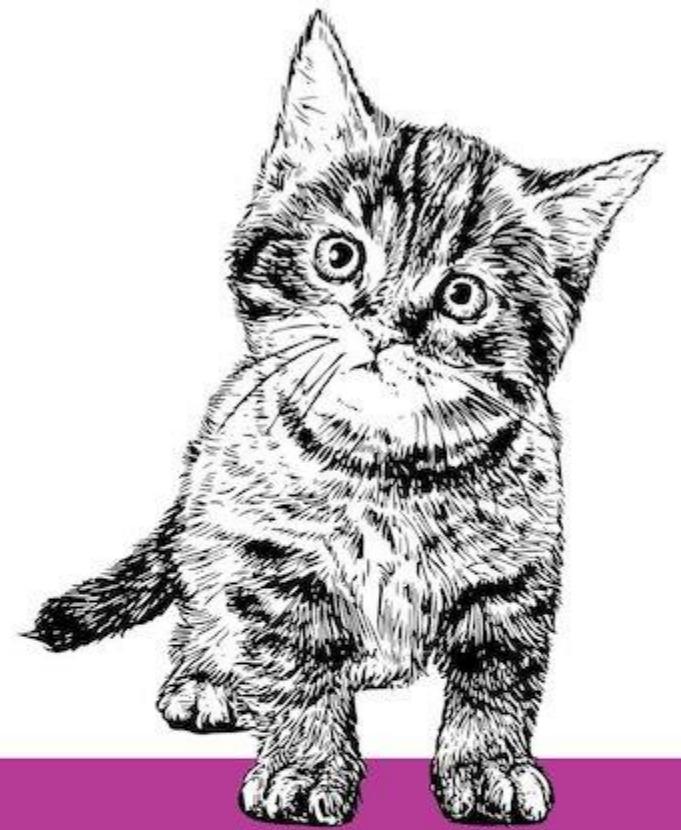
```
// Exit...
p.exit().remove();
```

# Transition

```
d3.select("body").transition()  
  .style("background-color", "black");
```

```
d3.selectAll("circle").transition()  
  .duration(750)  
  .delay(function(d, i) { return i * 10; })  
  .attr("r", function(d) { return Math.sqrt(d * scale); });
```

# Как научиться?



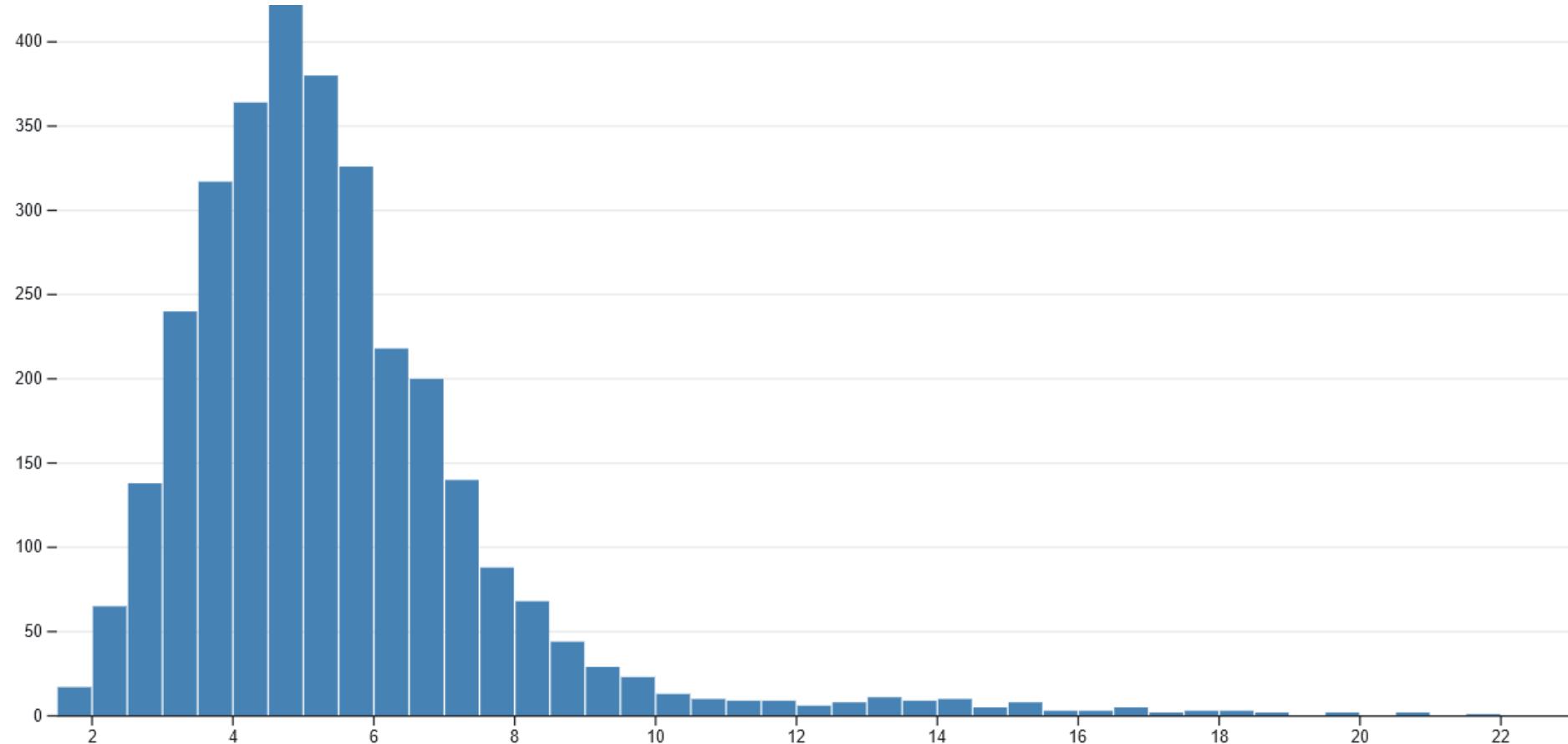
*Essential*

Changing Stuff and  
Seeing What Happens

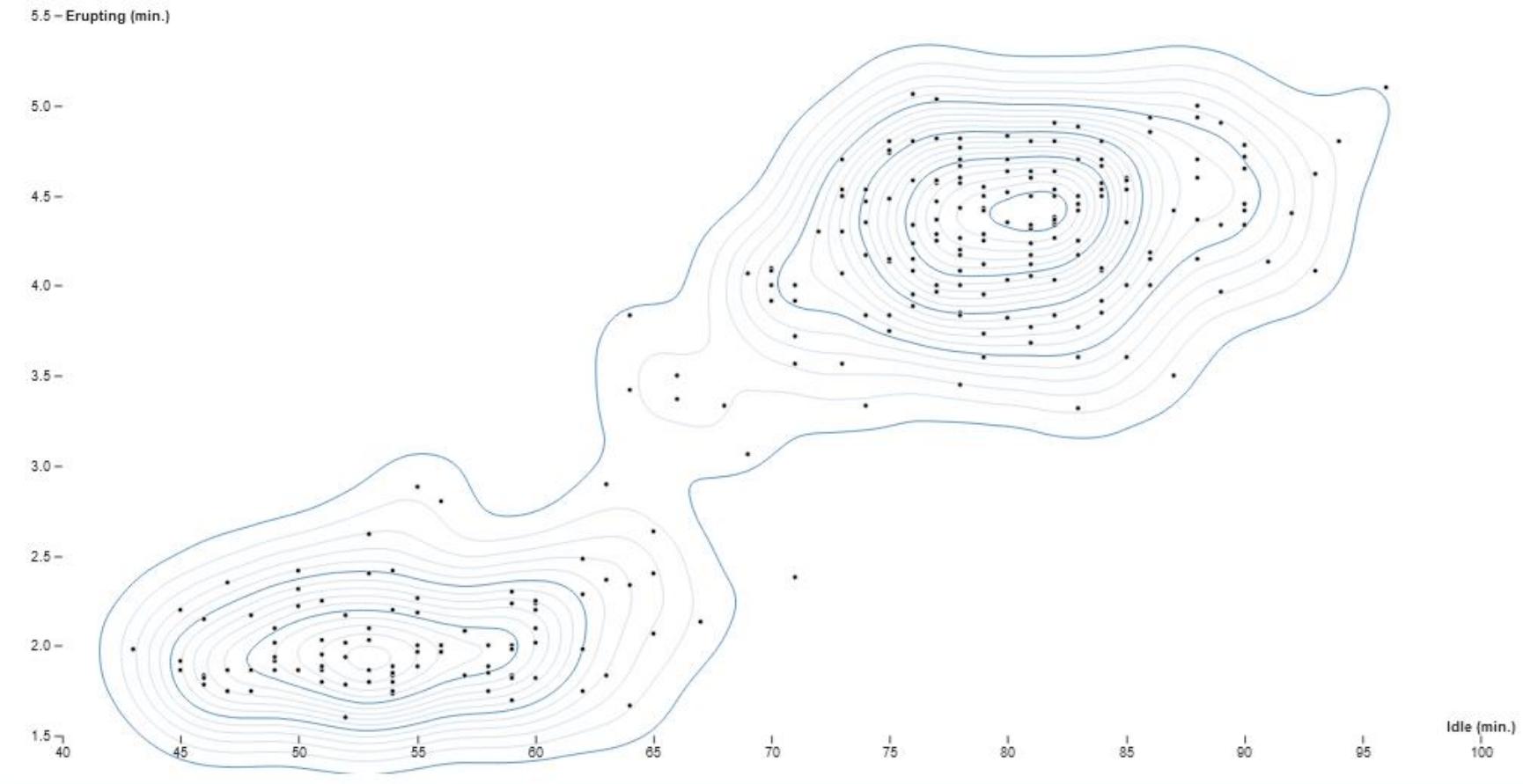
O RLY?

@ThePracticalDev

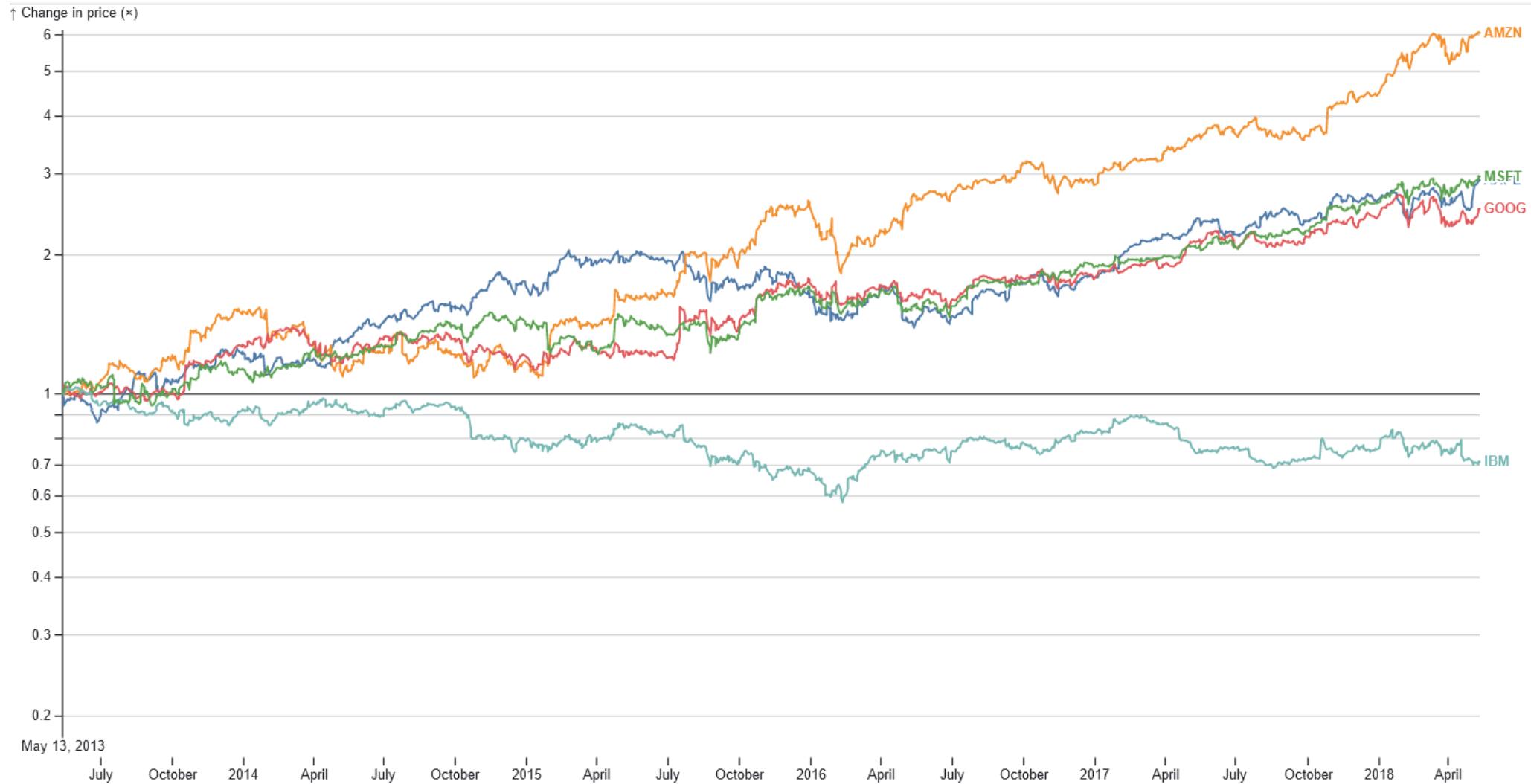
# Элементы: Анализ: Гистограммы



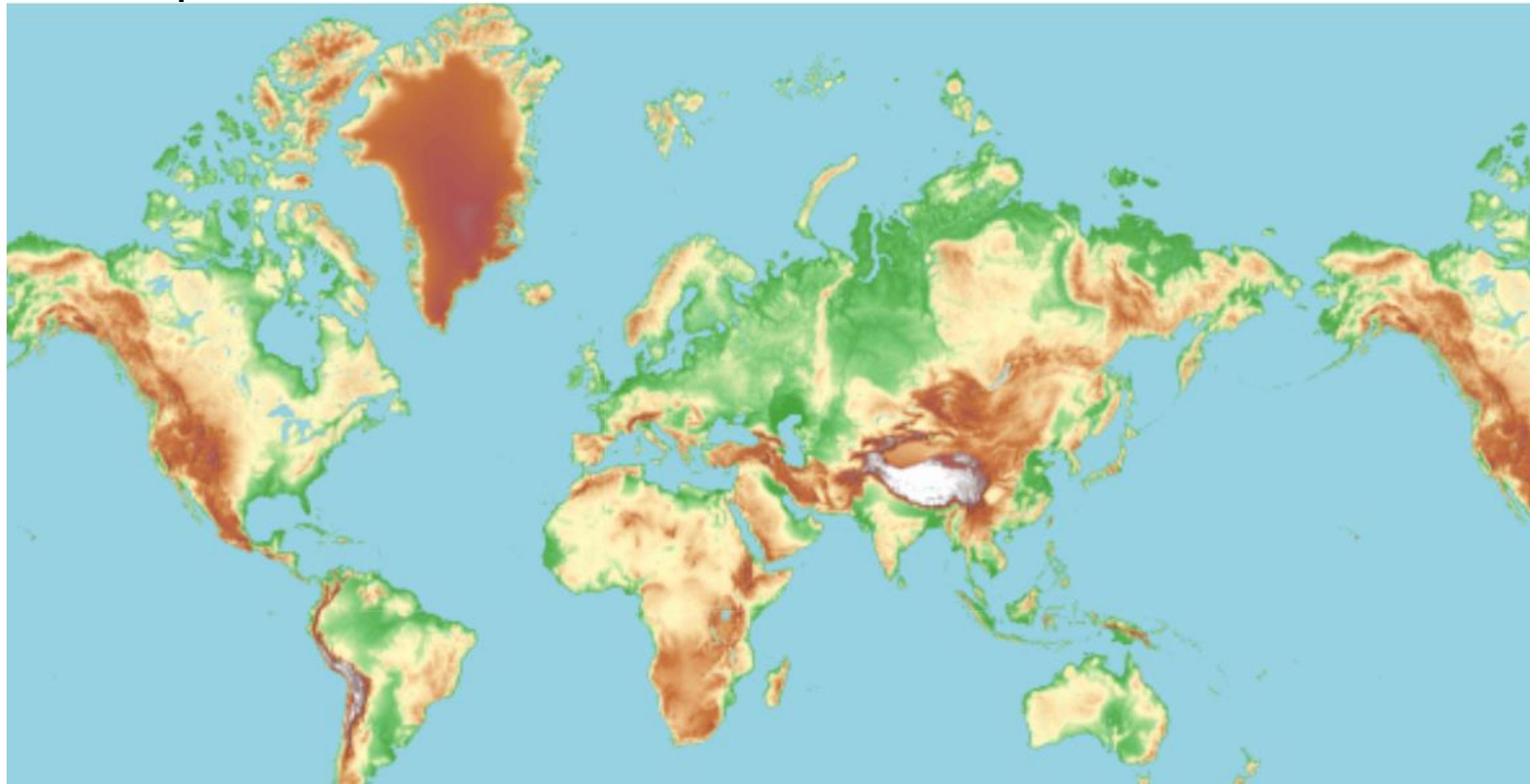
# Контуры + Плотность



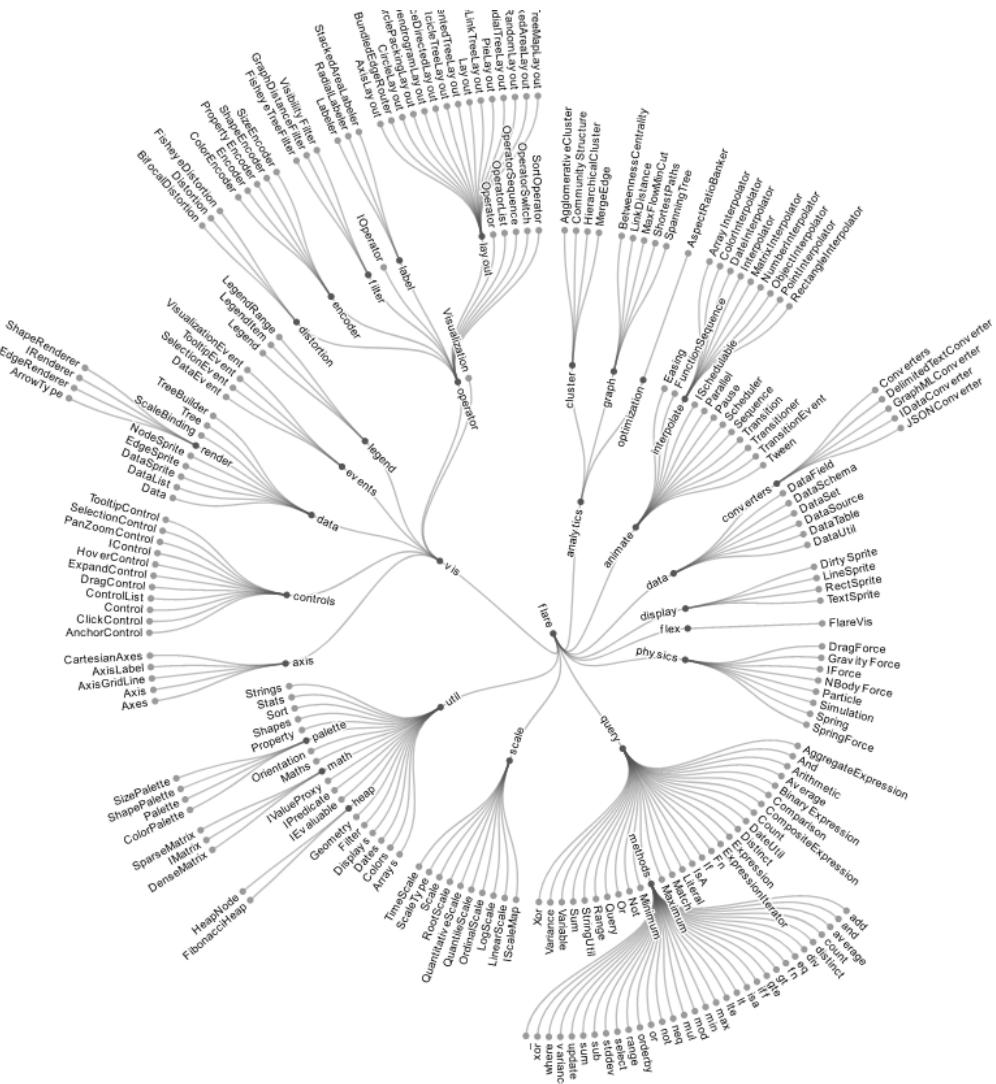
# Графики



# Карты



# Иерархические структуры



# References

- <https://javascript.info/>
- <https://developer.mozilla.org/>
- <https://www.w3schools.com>